

CARBON DOTS AS PHOTOINITIATORS FOR POLYMERIZATION IN INNOVATIVE MATERIALS

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Carbon-based nanomaterials, and more specifically carbon dots (CDs), are attracting increasing interest in the fields of materials science, chemistry, and photonics. These quasi-spherical nanostructures, characterized by their small size (less than 10 nm) and surface rich in functional groups, have a good chemical stability, a low toxicity and exhibit remarkable optical, photochemical, and electrochemical properties, making them highly attractive in various applications like bioimaging, [1, 2] sensing [3], photocatalysis [4]...

In this Ph.D. project, we propose to study the **photochemical and electrochemical properties of CDs** to develop **highly efficient photoinitiating system** for **polymer material**. This approach, still not widely explored, [5] could not only broaden the horizons of CDs applications but also contribute to significant advances in the manufacturing of high-performance polymer materials.

This work will be structured around the following axes:

1. **Design, synthesis, and modification of carbon dots**: synthesis of CDs with tailored optical and electrochemical properties (visible light absorption, high luminescence yields, long lifetimes, low and/or tunable redox potential, etc.);
2. **Optimization of photoinitiating systems**: i.e. nature and concentration of photoinitiator and coinitiator contents and evaluation of their performance towards photopolymerization (radical and/or cationic) kinetics and yields;
3. **Study of photochemical mechanisms**: Analysis of the the physico-chemical and electronic phenomena at the molecular and nanostructure scale, of the reactivity of CDs such as radical generation, formation of photoinduced intermediates;
4. **Development of advanced polymer materials**: using CDs photoinitiator systems to the synthesis of functional polymers such as additive manufacturing in DLP systems [6], towards high end tomographic printing, electrospinning for example.

By combining an experimental and theoretical approach, this project aims to lay the groundwork for a better understanding of the value of carbon dots as multifunctional agents while paving the way for new applications in materials chemistry and additive manufacturing.

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